

Report No. 19: Week ending 15 September 2019

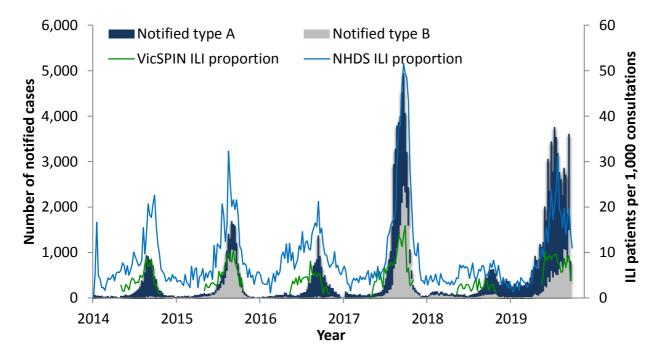
Overview: The 2019 influenza season so far

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is **below the average** threshold for the first time since the start of the season. The total ILI proportion measured by VicSPIN this week decreased and is much lower than for the same time in 2017 but is similar to that observed at the same time in 2018.

The number of notified cases of laboratory confirmed influenza is almost **12 times higher than by the same time** in **2018 and almost 2 times higher than in 2017**. The majority of notified cases over the season have been **type A** (79%), and **type A cases are older than type B** cases. However, the ratio of type A to B has shifted, with **type A** decreasing to 58% of notifications in the last 4 weeks, and **type B comprising 42%**.

Eleven swabs were received from VicSPIN this week, of which **27% were positive** for influenza. This is lower than the average for the season (34%). To date, influenza A(H3) was co-detected with A(H1N1)pdm09 in one case. In seven additional cases, influenza was co-detected with another respiratory virus.

Figure 1. Routinely notified influenza cases and VicSPIN and National Home Doctor Service (NHDS) ILI consultation proportions, Victoria, 2014-2019



National Home Doctor Service (Victoria)

- The ILI proportion for the week decreased from 14.1 to 11.0 ILI cases per 1,000 patients seen (Figure 1).
- ILI activity remains within the average activity threshold range of 10-35 ILI cases per 1,000 patients seen.



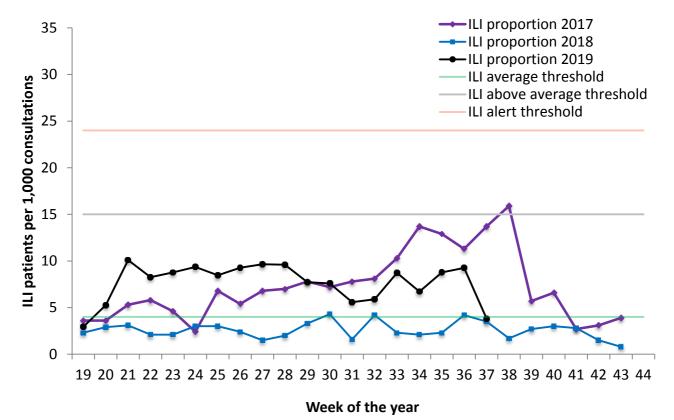
Victorian Sentinel Practice Influenza Network

- The ILI proportion measured by VicSPIN is now much lower than at the same time in 2017 and similar to that observed at the same time in 2018. The proportion is now below the average activity level for the first time since the start of the season, with 3.8 ILI cases per 1,000 patients seen. (Figures 1 & 2).
- Eleven swabs were received this week, of which 3 (27%) were positive for influenza (one A(H3) and two B). Coronavirus and parainfluenza were detected in one swab each. (Figure 3).

Table 1. Summary of reporting from general practice sentinel sites, week ending 15 September 2019

	Week	Year-to-date
Number (%) of general practitioners reporting	84 (100%)	
Total patients seen	5754	115,897
Total patients with ILI	22	883
Consultation rate for ILI (per 1,000 patients)	3.8	7.6
Number of specimens received	11	635
Number (%) positive for influenza	3 (27%)	213 (34%)

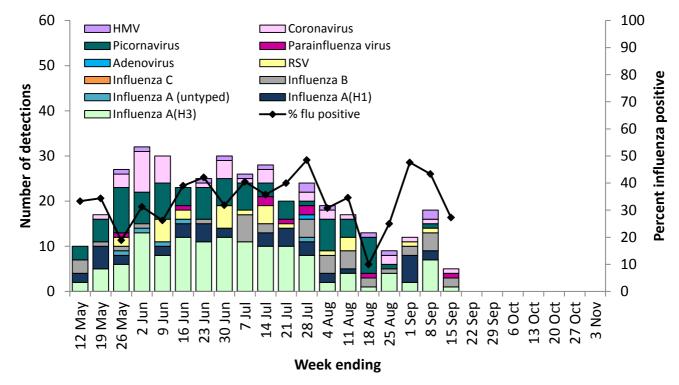
Figure 2. VicSPIN ILI consultation proportions, Victoria, 2017, 2018 and 2019



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Observations from other influenza surveillance systems

Notified cases of laboratory confirmed influenza

- A total of 56,567 cases of laboratory confirmed influenza have been processed so far in 2019, almost twelve times the number of cases notified by the same time in 2018 and almost two times the number by the same time in 2017 (Figure 1). This number is subject to change as notifications are processed and entered.
- Year to date, 79% of notified cases have been type A (21% aged less than 10 years and 17% aged 65 years and over) and 21% have been type B (32% aged less than 10 years and 3% aged 65 years and over). However, there has been a shift in the ratio of type A to B, with 58% type A and 42% type B in the last 4 weeks.

World Health Organization Collaborating Centre for Reference and Research on Influenza

- The strains included in the 2019 quadrivalent influenza vaccine are: A/Michigan/45/2015-Like (H1N1)pdm09 virus; A/Switzerland/8060/2017-like (H3N2) virus; B/Colorado/06/2017-like virus with the quadrivalent vaccine including B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus as well.
- A total of 285 Victorian isolates have been strain-typed by the WHO to date: 129 as A/Michigan/45/2015-Like; two as A/Michigan/45/2015-Low Reactor; 102 as A/Switzerland/8060/2017-Like; 25 as A/Switzerland/8060/2017-Low Reactor; 17 as B/Colorado/6/2017-Like; nine as B/Colorado/6/2017-Low Reactor; and one as B/Phuket/3073/2013-Like.
- One isolate has shown resistance to oseltamivir and one isolate has shown resistance to zanamivir, among the 2057 Australian isolates tested so far in 2019.